

# PHYSICIAN'S GUIDE TO MEDICARE HOME CARE

Medicare "Homebound" Definition	Medicare Home Care Rules
<p><i>Cannot leave home without considerable and taxing effort.</i></p> <p>Possible ways to describe homebound status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Patient states "I don't go out"</li> <li>• Family states "he doesn't go out"</li> <li>• Homebound due to mobility problems</li> <li>• Homebound due to poor vision</li> <li>• Homebound due to gait disorder/falling</li> <li>• Homebound due to neurological disorder that limits movement</li> <li>• Homebound temporarily due to infection</li> <li>• Homebound due to recovery from surgery</li> <li>• Homebound due to poor cognition</li> <li>• Cannot leave home without assistive device or help of another person</li> <li>• Homebound because of severe dyspnea</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Patient must be homebound.</li> <li>2. Home care must be medically necessary.</li> <li>3. Patient must require intermittent skilled care. Skill =nursing, physical or speech therapy.</li> <li>4. The patient must have a "face to face encounter" with a physician, APRN or PA in the 90 days prior to the start of home care or within 30 days after the start of care.</li> <li>5. Only a <b>PHYSICIAN</b> can sign and date a document that states:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reason for face to face encounter</li> <li>b. Why patient is homebound</li> <li>c. What clinical findings support the need for homecare</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><b><u>NOTE: Documentation must be signed by the MD only, cosignatures are not permissible.</u></b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6. Physician must sign the plan of care (Medicare form 485) and return it to the agency within 21 days of the start of care.</li> </ol>
Some Clinical Indications for Home Care	Steps in the Home Care Referral/Certification Process
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wound care for nonhealing wounds/ulcers</li> <li>• New diagnosis, medication, treatment plan</li> <li>• New history of falls/balance problems</li> <li>• Declining mental status</li> <li>• Patient requires home medical procedure</li> <li>• Newly prescribed special diet or bowel regimen</li> <li>• Patient must learn to perform medical procedure at home or to administer new meds</li> <li>• New disability and need for home modification</li> <li>• Pain control plan</li> <li>• Medication management and medication prepours</li> <li>• Monitoring for new med, declining physical status</li> <li>• Decline in ability to perform ADLs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call or fax the referral form to Transitional Care.</li> <li>• Attach documentation of "face to face" encounter.</li> <li>• Complete and sign Form 485, the Medicare Plan of Care and return to agency within 21 days of the start of care.</li> <li>• Communicate with home care staff, sign and return supplemental orders as needed.</li> <li>• Bill Medicare with code G 180 for home care certification.</li> </ul>

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